Independent auditors' report

To the Members of Welspun DI Pipes Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Welspun DI Pipes Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), for the period from August 06, 2020 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and total comprehensive income (comprising of loss and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021.

Basis for opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' report including Annexures thereto, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Price Waterhouse (a Partnership Firm) converted into Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP (a Limited Liability Partnership with LLP identity no: LLPIN
AAC-5001) with effect from July 25, 2014. Post its conversion to Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP, its ICAi registration number is 012754N/N500016
[ICAI registration number before conversion was 012754N]

Independent auditors' report To the Members of Welspun DI Pipes Limited Report on audit of the financial statements

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Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

- 7. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 8. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



Independent auditors' report To the Members of Welspun DI Pipes Limited Report on audit of the financial statements

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- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 10. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 11. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 (the "Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 12. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors subsequent to March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as at March 31, 2021.
 - ii) The Company has long-term contracts as at March 31, 2021 for which there were no material foreseeable losses. The Company did not have any long-term derivative contracts as at March 31, 2021.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the period from August o6, 2020 to March 31, 2021.
 - iv) The reporting on disclosures relating to Specified Bank Notes is not applicable to the Company for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021.

Independent auditors' report To the Members of Welspun DI Pipes Limited Report on audit of the financial statements

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13. The Company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Neeraj Sharma Partner

Membership Number: 108391 UDIN: 21108391AAAADV7015

Place: Pune Date: May 25, 2021

Annexure A to Independent auditors' report

Referred to in paragraph 12(f) of the Independent auditors' report of even date to the members of Welspun DI Pipes Limited on the financial statements for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021

Page 1 of 2

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Welspun DI Pipes Limited (the "Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021.

Management's responsibility for internal financial controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.



Annexure A to Independent auditors' report

Referred to in paragraph 12(f) of the Independent auditors' report of even date to the members of Welspun DI Pipes Limited on the financial statements for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021

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Meaning of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Place: Pune

Date: May 25, 2021

Neeraj Sharma

Partner

Membership Number: 108391 UDIN: 21108391AAAADV7015

Annexure B to independent auditors' report

Referred to in paragraph 11 of the independent auditors' report of even date to the members of Welspun DI Pipes Limited on the financial statements as of March 31, 2021 and for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021

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- i. (a) The Company does not own any property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2021. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(i)(a) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company does not own any property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2021. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(i)(b) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The title deeds of immovable properties, as disclosed in Note 3(b) on Right-of-use assets in the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
- ii. The Company does not hold any inventory as at March 31, 2021. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(ii) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b) and (iii)(c) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments, or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Section 185 and 186. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iv) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of income tax, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases. The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including goods and service tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of income-tax, duty of customs, and goods and service tax, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of borrowings to bank and dues to debenture holders as at the balance sheet date. Further the Company does not have any loans from any bank, loans or borrowings from any financial institution or Government as at the balance sheet date. Accordingly, to this extent, the provisions of Clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ix. The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



Annexure B to independent auditors' report

Referred to in paragraph 11 of the independent auditors' report of even date to the members of Welspun DI Pipes Limited on the financial statements as of March 31, 2021 and for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021

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- x. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- xi. The Company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company. Also refer paragraph 13 of our main audit report.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the provisions of Clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act, and accordingly, to this extent, the provisions of Clause 3(xiii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiv. The Company has made a private placement of fully convertible debentures during the period under review, in compliance with the requirements of Section 42 of the Act. The amounts raised have been used for the purpose for which funds were raised. Further the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or partly convertible debentures during the period under review. Accordingly, to this extent, the provisions of Clause 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them within the meaning of Section 192 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Neeraj Sharma Partner

Membership Number: 108391 UDIN: 21108391AAAADV7015

Place: Pune Date: May 25, 2021

Welspun DI Pipes Limited Financial statements for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021

Financial statements

- Balance sheet as at March 31, 2021
- Statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021
- Statement of changes in equity for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021
- Statement of cash flows for the period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021
- Notes comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

Balance sheet

(All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2021
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Capital work-in-progress	3(a)	293,99
Right of use assets	3(b)	85.94
Financial assets		
Investments		* .
Loans	4	0.01
Deferred tax assets	15(a)	
Other non-current assets	5	103.08
Total non-current assets		483.02
Current assets		
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	6	68.50
Current tax assets	7	0.12
Total current assets		68.62
Total assets		554.64
Total assets		551.64
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Equity		
Equity share capital	8 (a)	0.11
Instruments entirely equity in nature	8 (a)	245.00
Other equity		
Reserves and surplus	8 (b)	(8.08)
Total equity		237.03
LIABILITIES		
Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
Lease liabilities	3(b)	87.26
Total non-current liabilities		87.26
Output II A VIVI		
Current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	9	60.00
Other financial liabilities	10	166.21
Other current liabilities	11	1.14
Total current liabilities		227.35
Total liabilities		314.61
Fotal equity and liabilities		551.64
		001.04
The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the	e accompanying notes.	

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No: 012754N / N500016

Neeraj Sharma

Partner

Membership No.108391

For and on behalf of the Board

Vigul Mathur

Director DIN No. 07990476

Percy Birdy Director

DIN: 07634795

Nilesh Javker Company Secretary

ACS 49644 87 Place: Mumbai

Date: May 25, 2021

Place: Pune Date: May 25, 2021



	Notes	For the Period from August 06, 2020 to March 31 2021
Total income	-	9 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
Expenses		
Depreciation expense	12	0.72
Other expenses	13	5,26
Finance costs	14	2.10
Total expenses		8.08
Loss before tax		(8.08)
Income tax expense	15(b)	
- Current tax		#
- Deferred tax		
Total income tax expense		
Loss for the period (A)		(8.08)
Other comprehensive income (B)		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		*
Total comprehensive income for the period (A+B)		(8.08)
Loss per equity share - Basic and diluted loss per share (Rs.)	24	(734.55)
The above statement of profit and loss should be read in conjunction	with the accompanying notes.	

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration No: 012754N / N500016

Neeraj Sharma

Partner

Membership No.108391

Place: Pune

Date: May 25, 2021

For and on behalf of the Board

Vipul Mathur

Director

DIN No. 07990476

Percy Birdy

Director

DIN: 07634795

Nilesh Javker Company Secretary

ACS -49644 24087

Place: Mumbai Date: May 25, 2021



	For the Period from August 06, 2020 to March 31 2021
Cash flows used in operating activities	
Loss before tax	(8.08)
Adjustments for	
Depreciation expense Finance costs	0.72 2.10
Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	(5.26)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Movement in other non-current assets Movement in loans Movement in other current liabilities Cash used in operations	(4.99 (0.01) 1.14 (9.12)
Income taxes paid (tax deducted at source)	(0.12)
Net cash flows used in operating activities (A)	(9.24
Cash flows used in investing activities	
Payments for capital work-in-progress and right of use assets	(225.87)
Net cash flows used in investing activities (B)	(225,87)



(All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

For the Period from August 06, 2020 to March 31 2021

	March 31 2021
Cash flows from financing activities	
Issue of Equity shares	0.11
Issue of 10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share	150.00
Issue of 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	95.00
Loan from Holding Company Repayment of Loan to Holding Company	120.00 (60.00)
Interest paid	(0.17)
Payment of lease liabilities	(1.33)
Net cash flows from financing activities (C)	303.61
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	68.50
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	*
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	68.50
Non-cash financing and investing activities - Acquisition of right-of-use Assets (refer note 3(b))	86.66
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement	·
Cash and cash equivalents as per above comprise of the following:	
	As at
Cash and cash equivalents	March 31, 2021
Balances with banks	
- in current accounts	68.50
Balances per statement of cash flows	68.50
The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.	

This is the statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No: 012754N / N500016

Neeraj Sharma

Partner

Membership No.108391

For and on behalf of the Board

Vipul Mathur

Director

DIN No. 07990476

Percy Birdy

Director

DIN: 07634795

Nilesh Javker

Company Secretary ACS -43644 2 4 0 8 7

Place: Mumbai Date: May 25, 2021

Place: Pune Date: May 25, 2021



Welspun DI Pipes Limited Statement of changes in equity
(All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital

Particulars	Notes	Amount	
Balance as at August 06, 2020			
Changes in equity share capital during the period	8(a)	0.11	
Balance as at March 31, 2021		0.11	

B. Instruments Entirely Equity in Nature

(a) 10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share (CORPS)

Particulars	Notes	Amount
Balance as at August 06, 2020		
Changes in CORPS during the period	8(b)	150.00
Balance as at March 31, 2021		150.00

(b) 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)

Particulars	Notes	Amount
Balance as at August 06, 2020		-
Changes in CCDs during the period	8(b)	95.00
Balance as at March 31, 2021		95.00

C. Other equity

	Reserves and surplus	Total other equity
	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at August 06, 2020		848
Loss for the period Other comprehensive income	(8.08)	(8.08)
Total comprehensive income for the period	(8.08)	(8.08)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	(8.08)	(8.08)

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

This is the statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No: 012754N / N500016

Neeraj Sharma

Partner

Place: Pune Date: May 25, 2021

Membership No.108391

For and on behalf of the Board

Vipul Mathur Director

DIN No. 07990476

Percy Birdy Director DIN: 07634795

Nilesh Javker Company Secretary ACS-43644 24087

Place: Mumbai Date: May 25, 2021



Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021

and the statement of profit and loss for the Period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31 2021

Background

Welspun DI Pipes (the "Company") is a Company limited by shares incorporated on August 06, 2020 and domiciled in India under the Companies Act, 2013. The Company is engaged in manufacturing of Ductile iron pipes.

The registered office of the Company and its principal place of business is at Survey No. 650, Welspun City, Village Versamedi, Taluka Anjar, Kutch, Gujrat 370110.

These financial statements are presented in rupees and are authorised for issue by the directors on May 25, 2021

The Financial Statements have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional currency, All financial information presented in INR has been rounded off to the nearest two decimals of million unless otherwise stated.

Note 1: Significant accounting policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements.

(a) Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and historical cost basis.

(b) Segment reporting

The chief operating decision makers are the Board of Directors of the Company. The directors of the Company assesses the financial performance and position of the Company, and makes strategic decisions. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision makers who are Board of Directors.

(c) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss. Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other income/ other expenses as applicable.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

The Company has elected to apply the exemption in respect of accounting policy followed for long term foreign currency monetary items. Accordingly, long term foreign currency monetary items in the books till the period ended March 31, 2016 have been accounted for as per the policy adopted under previous GAAP as given below:

Foreign exchange differences on account of depreciable assets are adjusted in the cost of depreciable assets and depreciated over the balance life of the assets.

(d) Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in India. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.





Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021

and the statement of profit and loss for the Period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31 2021

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(e) Leases

As a Lessee

The Company has taken on lease various lands. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of thirty years but may have extension options as described in notes 3(b). Leasehold improvements that the entity will use and benefit as long as it uses the underlying asset in the lease. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Lease are recognized as a right-of-use assets and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased assets is available for the use by the Company.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments, as applicable:

- · fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- · amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees
- · the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- · payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

Lease payment to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions. Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- · the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- · any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term (including extension considering reasonable certainty) on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet, if any.

(g) Capital work-in-progress

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Cost of capital work-in-progress ('CWIP') comprises amount paid towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment and other assets outstanding as of each balance sheet date and construction expenditures, other expenditures necessary for the purpose of preparing the CWIP for its intended use and borrowing costs incurred before the qualifying asset is ready for intended use. CWIP is not depreciated until such time as the relevant asset is completed and ready for its intended use.

(h) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other income/finance costs as applicable.



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Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021

and the statement of profit and loss for the Period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31 2021

(i) Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that are necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small. Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(k) Contributed Equity

Equity shares are classified as equity, incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(I) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial period

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

- Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account: the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares; and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(m) Instruments Entirely Equity in Nature

Instruments entirely equity in nature issued by the Company comprises of convertible preference shares and compulsorily convertible debentures. These instruments have such terms and conditions that qualify them for being entirely equity in nature based on the criteria given in Para 16 of Ind AS 32. Company assesses the terms and conditions specific to each instrument for deciding whether they are entirely equity in nature. This is recognised and included in shareholder's equity, net of income tax effects, and not subsequently re-measured.

(n) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest million as per the requirement of Schedule III (Division II), unless otherwise stated.

(o) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

i) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Company has applied the following amendments to Ind AS for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 6 August 2020:

• Definition of Material - amendments to Ind AS 1 and Ind AS 8

Amendments are made to Ind AS 1- Presentation of Financial Statements and Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, which use a consistent definition of materiality, clarify when information is material and incorporate some of the guidance in Ind AS 1 about immaterial information.

In particular, the amendments clarify:

- that the reference to obscuring information addresses situations in which the effect is similar to omitting or misstating that information, and that an entity assesses materiality in the context of the financial statements as a whole, and
- the meaning of 'primary users of general purpose financial statements' to whom those financial statements are directed, by defining them as 'existing and potential investors, lenders and other creditors' that must rely on general purpose financial statements for much of the financial information they need.

Definition of a Business – amendments to Ind AS 103

The amended definition of a business requires an acquisition to include an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The definition of the term 'outputs' is amended to focus on goods and services provided to customers, generating investment income and other income, and it excludes returns in the form of lower costs and other economic benefits.





Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021

and the statement of profit and loss for the Period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31 2021

COVID-19 related concessions – amendments to Ind AS 116

Amendments to Ind AS 116 Leases, provides a practical expedient to apply rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. Lessee that makes this election shall account for any change in lease payments resulting from the rent concession the same way it would account for the change applying this Standard if the change were not a lease modification.

• Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - amendments to Ind AS 109 and Ind AS 107

The amendments made to Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, and Ind AS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosures provide certain reliefs in relation to interest rate benchmark reform. The reliefs relate to hedge accounting and have the effect that the reforms should not generally cause hedge accounting to terminate. However, any hedge ineffectiveness should continue to be recorded in the income statement.

The amendments listed above did not have any material impact on Company's financial statements.

ii) Amended applicable from next Financial year

On March 24, 2021, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through a notification, amended Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. The amendments revise Division I, II and III of Schedule III and are applicable from April 1, 2021. Key amendments relating to Division II which relate to companies whose financial statements are required to comply with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 are:

Balance Sheet:

- Lease liabilities should be separately disclosed under the head 'financial liabilities', duly distinguished as current or non-current,
- Certain additional disclosures in the statement of changes in equity such as changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors and restated balances at the beginning of the current reporting period.
- · Specified format for disclosure of shareholding of promoters.
- Specified format for ageing schedule of trade receivables, trade payables, capital work-in-progress and intangible asset under development.
- If a company has not used funds for the specific purpose for which it was borrowed from banks and financial institutions, then disclosure of details of where it has been used.
- Specific disclosure under 'additional regulatory requirement' such as compliance with approved schemes of arrangements, compliance with number of layers of companies, title deeds of immovable property not held in name of company, loans and advances to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel (KMP) and related parties, details of benami property held, certain specified ratios etc.

Statement of profit and loss:

 Additional disclosures relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), undisclosed income and crypto or virtual currency specified under the head 'additional information' in the notes forming part of the standalone financial statements.

The amendments are extensive and the Company will evaluate the same to give effect to them as required by law.

Note 2: Critical estimates and judgments

Their are no estimates and judgments which are critical in nature.





Total Lease liabilities

Welspun DI Pipes Limited
Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021
and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021
(All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 3(a): Capital work-in-progress

	As at March 31, 2021
Opening carrying amount as at August 06, 2020 Additions Disposals	293.99
Carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	293.99
Notes:	
(i) Capital work in progress comprises of assets under constructions at Anjar, Gujarat.	
(ii) Contractual obligations: Refer note 23 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.	
Note 3(b) : Right-of-use assets	As at
(i) Amounts recognized in balance sheet	March 31, 2021
Right-of-Use Assets	
Leasehold land	85.94
Total Right-of-Use Assets	85.94
Lease liabilities	
Non Current	87.26

The Company has leased leasehold lands from related party Welspun Anjar SEZ limited for a period of 30 years.

Extension option included in leasehold land contract of Company. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The extension and termination options held are exercisable by the Company and the respective

Addition to right of use assets during the year was Rs. 86.66

(ii) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss

	For the Period from August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021
Depreciation charge of Right-of-use Assets Leasehold land	0.72
Total	0.72
Interest expense (included in finance cost, refer note 14)	1.93
Total	1.93
The total cash outflow for the leases	1.33





87.26

Welspun DI Pipes Limited
Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021
and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021
(All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 4: Loans	As at March 31, 2021
Non current Unsecured, considered good: Security Deposits	0.01
Total non-current loans	0.01
Note 5: Other assets	As at March 31, 2021
Non-current	Warch 31. 2021
Capital advances Balance with statutory authorities	98.09 4.99
Total other non-current assets	103.08
Note 6: Cash and cash equivalents	As at
Balances with banks In current accounts	March 31. 2021 68.50
Total cash and cash equivalents	68:50
Note 7: Current tax assets	As at
Opening balance Add: Tax deducted at source Less: Current tax	March 31, 2021 0.12
Total of current tax assets	0.12





Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021

and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 8: Equity share capital and other equity

8 (a) Equity Share capital

(i) Authorised equity share capital

	Number of Shares	Par value	Amount
As at August 06, 2020	3.50		-
Issued during the period	1,000,000	10	10.00
As at March 31, 2021	1,000,000	10	10.00
(ii) Movement in equity shares capital	Number of Shares	Par value	Amount
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital			
As at August 06, 2020	19		5
Issued during the period	11,000	10	0.11
As at March 31, 2021	11,000	10	0.11

(iii) Terms and rights attached to shares Equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs, 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend when proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in case of interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the company the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(iv) Shares of the Company held by holding company

,	·	-	•		•	•		As at March	31, 2021	
								No. of shares	% holding	
elspun Corp L	imited, incl	luding	nominee	es				11,000	100.00%	

(v) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

As at Marc	h 31, 2021
No. of shares	% holding
11,000	100,00%

Number of

Par value

Amount

Welspun Corp Limited (the 'Holding company'), including nominees

8 (b) 10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share (CORPS)

(i) Authorised Preference share capital

	Number of Shares	Par value	Amount
As at August 06, 2020 Issued during the period	15,000,000	10	150.00
As at March 31, 2021	15,000,000	10	150.00

(ii) Movement in Preference shares capital

	Sha	ares		
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	8			
As at April 01, 2019				
As at August 06, 2020				
Issued during the period	15,	,000,000	10	150.00
As at March 31, 2021	15,	,000,000	10	150.00

(iii) Terms and rights attached to shares Preference shares

10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share (CORPS) have par value Rs. 10 each. Preference shares does not carry any voting rights in the Company, except as provided in the Companies Act, 2013. Preference share will have priority over equity shares in the payment of dividend and repayment of capital. However, the holders of the Preference share shall be paid dividend on a non-cumulative basis,

The preference shares shall be non-participating in the surplus funds and also in the surplus assets and profits which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid, on winding up of the Company.

The CORPS shall be convertible in to equity share of the Company any time before 31st March 2036. Conversion ratio is 1:1 One CORPS will be converted in to one equity share at par. The CORPS shall be Redeemable at the option of the Company in one or more tranches at any time before 31st March 2036 and CORPS shall be redeemed at par.





Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021 and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

(iv) Shares of the Company held by holding company

As at March 31, 2021 No. of shares % holding 15,000,000 100,00%

Welspun Corp Limited

(v) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

As at March 31, 2021 No. of shares 15.000.000 % holding 100.00%

Welspun Corp Limited (the 'holding company')

(vi) Details of Preference Shares

Particulars	Number of Shares	Par value	Amount	Date of allottment
10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share (CORPS)	3,000,000	10	30	22-Mar-21
10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share (CORPS)	6,000,000	10	60	23-Mar-21
10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share (CORPS)	6,000,000	10	60	26-Mar-21
Total	15,000,000		150	

8 (c) 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)

(i) Movement in 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	Number of Debentures	Par value	Amount
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital Increase during the period	9,500,000	10	95.00
As at March 31, 2021	9,500,000	10	95.00

(ii) Terms and rights attached to Convertible Debentures

- -0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) have par value Rs. 10 each. The CCDs will be issued at 0% interest.
- -The CCDs can be converted at the option of the Company into Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid-up

-Conversion Ratio 1:1

Welspun Corp Limited

- -Tenor of CCDs: 18 months from the date of first allotment.
- -If the CCDs have not been converted at the expiry of the Tenure of CCDs, the said CCDs shall be mandatorily converted into equity shares at the end of the Tenure of CCDs in accordance with the Conversion Ratio.

Category	Conversion option [refer note (vi) below]
I Issue of 500,000 shares	any time after six months from date of allotment and upto the Tenor
Il Issue of 9,000,000 shares	any time after two months from date of allotment and upto the Tenor

(iii) Debenture of the Company held by holding company

As at March 31, 2021 Number of % holding Debentures 9,500,000 100.00%

(iv) Details of debenture holders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

As at March 31, 2021 Number of % holdina Debentures 9,500,000 100.00%

Welspun Corp Limited (the 'holding company')

(vi) Details of compulsorily convertible debentures

Particulars	Number of Debentures	Par value	Amount	Date of allottment
0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)	500,000	10	5	24-Nov-20
1% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)	4,000,000	10	40	10-Dec-20
0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)	2,500,000	10	25	15-Jan-21
0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs)	2,500,000	10	25	15-Jan-21
Total	9,500,000		95	





Welspun DI Pipes Limited
Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021
and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021
(All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 8(b): Other Equity	
	As at
	March 31, 2021
Reserves and surplus	
Retained earnings (refer note below)	(8.08)
retained earnings (retained below)	(0.00)
Total reserves and surplus	(8.08)
Total 10001100 drid odipido	(0.00)
Note - Retained earnings	
Opening balance	
Loss for the period	(8.08)
2000 for the period	,
Closing balance	(8.08)
, and the second se	
Note 9: Borrowings	
Note 9: Borrowings	As at
Note 9: Borrowings	As at March 31, 2021
Note 9: Borrowings Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22)	
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22)	March 31. 2021 60.00
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost	March 31, 2021
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22) Total borrowings	March 31. 2021 60.00
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22)	March 31. 2021 60.00
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22) Total borrowings Net debt reconciliation Cash and cash equivalents	60,00 60.00
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22) Total borrowings Net debt reconciliation Cash and cash equivalents Lease Liabilities	60,00 60.00 68.50 (87.26)
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22) Total borrowings Net debt reconciliation Cash and cash equivalents Lease Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	60.00 60.00 68.50 (87.26) (0.45)
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22) Total borrowings Net debt reconciliation Cash and cash equivalents Lease Liabilities	60,00 60.00 68.50 (87.26)
Current, unsecured, measured at amortised cost Loan (refer note 22) Total borrowings Net debt reconciliation Cash and cash equivalents Lease Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	60.00 60.00 68.50 (87.26) (0.45)

	Financial assets	Financia	Financial liabilities	
	Cash and cash	Current	Lease Liabilities	
Acquisition - Leases	32	2	(86,66)	(86.66)
Cash flow (net)	68.50	(60.00)	1.33	9.83
Interest expenses		(0.45)	(1.93)	(2.38)
Net debts as at March 31, 2021	68.50	(60.00)	(87.26)	(78.76)
Interest accrued as at March 31, 2021		(0.45)		(0.45)





Welspun DI Pipes Limited Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021 and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 10 : Other financial liabilities	
	As at
	March 31, 2021
Current	
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings (refer note 22) Capital creditors	0.45
Related Parties (refer Note 22)	72.20
Others	93.56
Total other current financial liabilities	166.21
Note 11 : Other current liabilities	-
	As at
	March 31, 2021
Statutory dues including income tax and goods and service tax	1.14
Total other current liabilities	1.14
Note 12: Depreciation expense	
	For the Period from
	August 06, 2020 to
	March 31, 2021
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (refer note 3(b))	0.72
Total depreciation expense	0.72





Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021 and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note	13:	Other	exper	1565

	For the Period from
	August 06, 2020 to
	March 31, 2021
Rates and taxes	3,21
Legal and professional fees	0.19
Membership and subscription	0.49
Payment to auditors (refer note below)	1.00
Miscellaneous expenses	0.37
Wildochartedda Gyperiaea	0.37
Total other systems	
Total other expenses	5.26
Note:	
Details of payment to auditors excluding taxes, as applicable	
As auditor:	
Audit fee	1.00
Tax Audit	€
Total	1.00
	·
Note 14: Finance costs	
	For the Period from
	August 06, 2020 to
	August 00, 2020 to
	March 31, 2021
Interest on:	March 31, 2021
Current borrowings	March 31, 2021 0.03
	March 31, 2021
Current borrowings	March 31, 2021 0.03
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b))	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b))	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets:	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets: Business losses	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021 0.86
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets:	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets: Business losses	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021 0.86
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets: Business losses Ind AS 116 Property, plant and equipment	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021 0.86 0.10 0.12
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets: Business losses Ind AS 116 Property, plant and equipment Preliminary Expense	As at March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets: Business losses Ind AS 116 Property, plant and equipment	March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021 0.86 0.10 0.12
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets: Business losses Ind AS 116 Property, plant and equipment Preliminary Expense Total Deferred Tax Assets	As at March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021 0.86 0.10 0.12 0.31 1.39
Current borrowings Interest and finance charges on lease liability (refer note 3(b)) Other finance cost Total finance costs Note 15: Income Tax and Deferred Tax 15(a) Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets: Business losses Ind AS 116 Property, plant and equipment Preliminary Expense	As at March 31, 2021 0.03 1.93 0.14 2.10 As at March 31, 2021

^{**}Deferred tax assets on business losses has been recognised only to the extent of deferred tax liabilities owing to Company being in capitalisation phase and this being the year of incorporation.





Welspun DI Pipes Limited
Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021
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(All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

15(b) Income tax expense	For the Period from August 06, 2020 to March 31 2021
(i) Income tax expense	
Current tax Deferred tax Total income tax expense	
(ii) Reconciliation of income tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate	
	For the Period from August 06, 2020 to March 31 2021
Loss before tax	(8.08)
Tax rate Tax at normal rate	17.16% (1.39)
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:	
Tax losses for which no deferred tax is required to be recognised (net)	1.39
	1.39
(iii) Tax losses	For the Period from August 06, 2020 to March 31 2021

Note 15(c): Deferred tax assets

Movement in deferred tax assets

			Deferred tax asset		
	Business losses	Ind AS 116	Property, plant and equipment	Preliminary Expense	Total deferred tax asset
As at August 06, 2020	-			;•:	S ● 22
Charged/(Credited) to profit and loss	0.86	0.10	0.12	0.31	1.39
As at March 31, 2021	0.86	0.10	0.12	0.31	1.39

Tax effects of unused tax losses for which no deferred tax has been recognised Business loss (to be utilised till AY 2028-2029)





0.86 **0.86**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021 and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 16: Fair value measurements

Financial instruments by category

	As at March 31, 2021		
	FVPL	Amortised Cost	
Financial assets			
Security deposits	S	0,01	
Cash and cash equivalents	•	68.50	
Total financial assets		68.51	
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings (including interest accrued)	9	60,45	
Capital creditors		165,76	
Total financial liabilities		226.21	

(i) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgments and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Financial assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair value are at March 31, 2021

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Security deposits	*		0.01	0,01
Total financial assets		- 3	0.01	0.01
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings (including interest accrued)	8	- 4	60.45	60.45
Capital creditors	2	9	165,76	165.76
Total financial liabilities		72	226.21	226.21

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3, as described

Level 1: This hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices, The Company does not have any investment under this category.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. The Company does not have any investment under this category.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3, Company has classified equity securities in this category.

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

	As at March 31, 2021		
	Carrying amount	Fair value	
Financial Assets			
Loans			
Security deposits	0,01	0.01	
Total	0.01	0.01	
Financial liabilities			
Borrowing (including interest accrued)	60.45	60,45	
Capital Creditors	165,76	165,76	
Total	226.21	226.21	

- a) The carrying amounts of borrowings, capital creditors, cash and cash equivalents equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature,
- b) The fair values and carrying value of security deposits are materially the same.





Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021

and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 17: Financial risk management

The Company's principal financial liability represents Borrowings and capital creditors. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to pay for the plant setup in Anjar, Gujarat, India. The Company's principal financial assets consists of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents that are derived directly from its operations,

The Company's activities exposes it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, The directors of the Company (considering size of business) oversees the management of these risks which are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. It is managed by Directors.

The Company has no trade receivables as at March 31, 2021, hence there is no credit risk for the period August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021.

(B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk of financial distress or extraordinary high financing costs arising due to shortage of liquid funds in a situation where business conditions unexpectedly deteriorate and requiring financing. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and liquid funds and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. The liquidity risk is monitored through budgets (comprises of undrawn borrowings below) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows by the management presented by the Board of Directors.

There is an approved funding plan which is sufficient to pay off capital creditors and other liabilities. Also the Company has received additional capital subsequent to the year end (refer note 27)

(i) Financing arrangements

The Company has the below mentioned undrawn borrowing facilities as at March 31, 2021.

	As at March 31, 2021
Floating rate Expiring after one year	2,112,00
Total	2,112.00

(ii) Maturities of financial liabilities:

The tables below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The Company does not have any derivative liabilities.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at March 31, 2021

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	< 1 Year	1- 3 years	3- 5 years	> 5 years	Total	Carrying value
Non-derivatives	+					
Borrowings (including interest)	60.45	·		•	60.45	
Other financial liabilities	165,75	-	-	147	165.75	
Lease liabilities	5,33	10.86	12.26	294.99	323,44	87.26
Total non-derivative liabilities	231.53	10.86	12.26	294.99	549.64	313.46

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest risk and investment price risk.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates to the payable for capital expenditure of creditors.

The Company does not have any foreign currency capital creditors as at March 31, 2021, Hence there is no foreign currency risk for the period August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021,

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Company's main interest rate risk arises from borrowings with variable rates arising principally on changes in LIBOR rates, which expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk.

During the period ended March 31, 2021 the Company's borrowings at fixed rates were denominated in INR.

(a) Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure of the Company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021
Fixed rate borrowings	60,00





Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021

and the statement of profit and loss for the period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31, 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 18: Capital management

(a) Risk management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves,

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the net debt to equity ratio. The company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. Net debt are long term and short term debts as reduced by cash and cash equivalents (including restricted cash and cash equivalents) and short term investments. Equity comprises all components excluding other components of equity (which comprises the cash flow hedges, translation of foreign operations and available-for-sale-financial investments)

The Company's strategy is to maintain a gearing ratio within 2:1 once its starts drawing borrowing facilities from bank on the basis of progress in the project for which funding arrangements has been done with bank.

(i) Loan covenants

The Company has borrowings as at the end of the reporting period, however there are no covenants attached to the borrowings.

(b) Dividends

The Company has not declared dividends in the current reporting period.

Note 19: Segment information

(i) Description of segments and principal activities

The Company's chief operating decision makers are its Board of Directors Company who examines the Company's performance only from the product perspective and has accordingly, identified only one reportable segment which is manufacturing of Ductile iron pipes.

- (ii) The chief operating decision makers primarily uses a measure of profit before tax as included in the internal management report to assess the performance of the operating segment which is measured consistently with profit or loss in the financial statements.
- (iii) Revenue from major external customers:

Since the Company has been incorporated in the current year, it is still in its capitalisation phase and has not begun any commercial operations. Hence, no revenue has been generated by the Company till March 31, 2021.

- (iv) The Company is domiciled in India. Since the Company has not begun commercial operations in the current year, there is no reportable revenue both in India and outside India.
- (v) The total of the non-current assets are located only in India as at March 31, 2021.





WELSPUN DI PIPES LIMITED

Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021 and the statement of profit and loss for the Period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 20: Related party transactions

(a) Entities having significant influence

Name	Туре	Ownership interest March 31, 2021
Welspun Steel Limited (up to 02.02.2021)	Holding company	100%
Welspun Corp Limited (we.f. 03.02,2021)	Holding company	100%

(b) Key management personnel

Name	Nature of relationship
Mr. Vipul Mathur	Non Executive, Additional Director (w.e.f. 23.03.2021)
Mr. Percy Birdy	Non Executive, Additional Director (w.e.f. 23.03.2021)
Mr. Mohan Kasiviswanathan Manikkan	Non Executive Director (ceased on 23.03.2021)
Mr. Devendra Patil	Non Executive Director
Mr. Harish Chandra Gupta	Non Executive Director
Mr. Nilesh Javker	Company Secretary (w.e.f. 23.03,2021)

(c) List of other entities over which key management personnel or relatives of such personnel exercise significant influence or control and with whom transaction have taken place during the period and other related parties:

Welspun Steel Limited
Welspun Corp Limited
Welspun Anjar SEZ Limited
Welspun Tradings Limited
Welspun Specialty Solutions Limited
Welspun Specialty Solutions Limited
Welssure Private Limited
Rank Marketing LLP

(d) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	For the Period from August 06, 2020 to Mar 31 2021
1) Additions to Capital Work in Progress	
Welspun Corp Limited	100.85
Welspun Tradings Limited	0.16
Total Additions to Capital Work in Progress	101.01
2) Additions to Borrowings	
Welspun Corp Limited	120,00
Total Additions to Borrowings	120.00
3) Repayment of Borrowing	
Welspun Corp Limited	60.00
Total Repayment of Borrowing	60.00
4) Issue of 10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share (CORPS) Welspun Corp Limited	150.00
Total Issue of CORPS	150.00
5) Issue of 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs) Rank Marketing LLP (refer note (a)) Total Issue of CCDs	95.00 95.00
6) Issue of equity share Welspun Steel Limited (refer note (b))	0.11
Total Issue of equity share	0.11
7) Lease rent expense	
7) Lease rent expense Welspun Anjar SEZ Limited Total Lease rent expense	1.33

Note (a): The debentures were subsequently transferred to Welspun Corp Limited on January 22, 2021.

Note (b): The equity shares were subsequently transferred to Welspun Corp Limited on February 03, 2021.





WELSPUN DI PIPES LIMITED

Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021 and the statement of profit and loss for the Period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

(e) Disclosure of significant closing balances:

	As at March 31, 2021
1) Capital creditors	
Welspun Corp Limited	72.04
Welspun Tradings Limited	0.16
Total Capital creditors	72.20
2) Borrowings	
Welspun Corp Limited #	60.45
Total Borrowings	60.45
3) Equity Share Capital	
Welspun Corp Limited	0.11
Total equity share capital	0.11
4) 10% Convertible Non-Cumulative Optionally Redeemable Preference Share Welspun Corp Limited	150.00
Total preference share capital	150.00
5) 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	
Welspun Corp Limited	95.00
Total compulsory convertible debentures	95.00

[#] Amount includes interest accrued outstanding as at March 31, 2021

Directors of the Company are also employed by other group company and they have not been paid remuneration accordingly.

(f) Terms and conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. All outstanding balances are unsecured and are repayable through banking channels.

Note 21: Contingent liability

There are no contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2021.

Note 22 : Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

	As at March 31, 2021
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances of Rs. 98.09):	
Property, plant and equipment	1,974.04

(b) Other Commitments

	As at March 31, 2021
Outstanding letters of credit	861.01

Note 23: Note on Covid-19

In light of the COVID-19 'outbreak and based on the information available upto the date of the approval of the financial statement, the Company has made detailed assessments of the recoverability and carrying values of its assets comprising capital work in progress, ROU assets and other current assets as at March 31, 2021 and on the basis of evaluation, has concluded that there is no significant impact on its financial statement as at March 31, 2021. However, the impact assessment of COVID19 will be a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration.





WELSPLIN DEPIPES LIMITED

Notes annexed to and forming part of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021 and the statement of profit and loss for the Period from August 06, 2020 (Date of incorporation) to March 31 2021 (All amounts in Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Note 24: Loss per equity share

	March 31, 2021
Loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company	(8.08)
Weighted average number of equity shares (Nos.)	11,000.00
Basic and diluted loss per share (Rs.)	(734.55)
Nominal value of an equity share (Rs.)	10.00

Note: Since there is a loss for the period August 06, 2020 to March 31, 2021, potential equity shares are not considered as dilutive and hence diluted EPS is same as Basic EPS.

Note 25: Note on code on Social Security, 2020

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. Evaluation during the period is not required since there are no employees on payroll of the Company.

Note 26: Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

There are no principle amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act or interest amount due on principle. Also there were no payments made beyond the appointed date to suppliers during the period or interest due or payable on principle amount already paid.

Note 27: Capital issued subsequent to the year end

Subsequent to the year end the Company has issued following Securities

i) 8,000,000 10% Convertible, Non-Cumulative, Optionally Redeemable Preference Shares ("CORPS") (face value of Rs. 10 each): 8,000,000 10% Convertible, Non-Cumulative, Optionally Redeemable Preference Shares ("CORPS") of Rs.10/- each fully paid up allotted on April 12, 2021 at a total consideration of Rs. 80 Millions.

ii) 22,000,000 10% Convertible, Non-Cumulative, Optionally Redeemable Preference Shares ("CORPS") (face value of Rs. 10 each): 22,000,000 10% Convertible, Non-Cumulative, Optionally Redeemable Preference Shares ("CORPS") of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up allotted on May 17, 2021 at a total consideration of Rs. 220 Millions.

The aggregate capital issued subsequent to the year end is Rs. 300 millions

Note 28: Going Concern

The Company was incorporated on August 06, 2020. The Holding Company has approved a funding plan for investment in the Company. Further subsequent to the year end, the Company has received further capital of Rs. 102 millions (Refer Note 27). Basis this, the Company has prepared its financial statements on a going concern basis.

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration No: 012754N / N500016

Neerai Sharma

Partner

Place: Pune

Date: May 25, 2021

Membership No.108391

Vipul Mathur Director

DIN No. 07990476

Percy Birdy

Director DIN: 07634795

Nilesh Javker

Company Secretary ACS -48644 2 4

For and on behalf of the Board

Date: May 25, 2021

Place: Mumbai